

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VIII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JULY 9TH, 1887.

No. 36.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, July 7.

Watson will be banqueted here to-morrow night.

Sir John will not visit the North-West this summer.

July 1st was generally celebrated throughout Canada.

Duchesney, M. P. for Dorchester, Quebec, is dead of typhoid fever.

An average of 200 people dying in New York daily owing to heat.

The new C. P. R. bridge over the St. Lawrence river at Lachine has been completed.

Gen. Middleton has ordered the reorganizing and almost doubling of the Canadian militia.

Secretary Whitney of the Montreal harbor commissioners has skipped, leaving large deficiencies.

The comptroller of the mounted police announces great peace and quietness throughout the Territories.

The Hudson Bay Co. has been awarded almost all the contracts for Indian supplies in the North-West.

The election of the Gladstone candidate in Spalding division of Lincolnshire is regarded as significant for the success of home rule.

The Egyptian-Turkish convention has not been signed, and serious complications are likely to arise among the eastern powers.

Commercial union is sweeping Ontario and associations are being formed all over the province. Laurier has thrown in his adhesion.

An Ottawa despatch says it is possible that Rufus Stephenson or Macdowell, M. P., will be appointed lieutenant-governor of the Territories.

The C. P. R. has been awarded the contract by the Imperial parliament for carrying the mails between Halifax and Hong Kong by way of Vancouver.

By the caving in of the quays at Zurich, Switzerland, forty houses were swept into the lake and fully one hundred lives lost. A terrible panic ensued.

A C. P. R. train ran off the track at Galt yesterday scalding engineer Sprague and fireman Johnstone almost to death, and injuring a large number of passengers.

Commissioner Dewdney visited the St. Peter's Indians near Selkirk last Saturday. They threaten to leave treaty unless the whites give up land taken on the reserves.

There were 721 failures in Canada in the first half of 1886. The amount of liabilities for the first half of 1887 was \$1,693,015 against \$5,501,697 for the corresponding period 1886.

A vote in the British house of commons last night censuring police officers, although largely the result of misapprehension, is thought to be a serious matter for the government.

The first sod of the Red River Valley railway was turned by Norquay on Saturday in the presence of two thousand people. The federal government has disallowed the bill and will oppose the road, but Manitoba will fight the case to the bitter end.

The citadel of Quebec caught fire last night and despite all efforts of the fire brigade great damage was done. Latest despatches received state that it is probable the magazine will be reached. The citizens are terribly alarmed and some are leaving the city.

BATTLEFORD, July 8.

Trade dull.

Crop prospects very good.

Citizens gave a return ball to the police on July 1st.

Large bands of cattle are being brought in by settlers.

T. P. Wadsworth, inspector of Indian agencies, leaves immediately for Victoria.

R. C. Laurie has gone to survey three townships two ranges north of the Saskatchewan opposite this place.

First sitting of supreme court on Tuesday. There are several criminal cases that have been lying over for a long time.

Rifle association meeting closed on Saturday. Nearly \$600 in cash and several cups and a rifle contributed by friends of the association, were awarded.

Steamer North-West passed here at 2:30 to-day. Did not wait long enough to take either passengers or freight. Miss Laurie and Mr. Lawson were disappointed as to securing passage.

TENDERS will be received up to Friday July 15th at the government telegraph offices for the supply of 20 tons of hay at Edmonton, 10 tons at Victoria, 10 tons at Moose creek, 10 tons at Onion lake and 10 tons at Pitt, for telegraph purposes.

## LOCAL.

HAY reported scarce.

RAIN Thursday morning.

RIFLE practice this afternoon.

No passengers by Monday's stage.

New potatoes as large as pigeon's eggs.

RIVER is now at the best stage it has been all summer.

NORRIS & CAREY are building a small addition to their store.

S. B. LUCAS, Indian agent at Battle river, left for home on Wednesday.

J. G. INGRAM, farm instructor at Saddle lake, and wife arrived this week.

Two horses suffering from mange are said to be at large in this neighborhood.

JAS. MARTIN has lumber on the ground for a dwelling near Norris & Carey's store.

MONTHLY meeting of St. Andrew's Society Thursday evening next in court room.

THE Victoria Indian agency offices were removed to Saddle lake about four weeks ago.

REV. D. C. McQUEEN will preach in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening next.

J. PRACOCK has erected a small building 12x12 in rear of his saloon. McRae brothers builders.

R. LOGAN is at Beaver lake putting up buildings, and intends to remove there permanently.

LUMBER is on the ground for Dr. McKay's new dwelling near W. L. Wood's on the H. B. reserve.

MOSQUITOES and other flies are reported more numerous this season than for some years past.

J. STEPHENS of Clover Bar arrived from Calgary on Monday with freight for W. Johnstone Walker.

D. R. FRASER left for Victoria on Tuesday with a flatboat load of flour, and arrived there on Thursday.

H. SCHULTZ of Ft. Saskatchewan recently found promising colors of gold while digging a well on his claim.

JAS. McKERNAN, of the south side opposite town, struck plenty of excellent water in a well at 65 feet last week.

J. CAMERON has purchased a raft of 100,000 feet of lumber from John Kelly and is piling it near the Cemetery Co.'s office.

REV. J. H. HOWARD, Methodist minister at Edmonton, has been appointed to Prince Albert, and will leave for that place by steamer.

THE balliffs' sale of the effects of E. Juneau at M. McCauley's yard on Wednesday last was well attended, and good prices realized for the articles sold.

FRANK MERON arrived from Calgary on Monday accompanied by his father, mother, brothers and sisters, eight in all, from Ottawa county, Quebec.

NORTH-WEST expected on Wednesday next. Hon. L. Clarke, Mrs. Dr. Bain, Mrs. Swanton and Miss Flett are passengers to Pitt and possibly to Edmonton.

P. BRELAND, appointed member of the North-West council, who has been visiting his daughters and sons-in-law at St. Albert, left for home on Monday.

MR. LINDRAY, Methodist mission school teacher of Whitefish lake, arrived on Thursday evening. Considerable damage has been done to crops at Whitefish lake by frost.

W. McKay and party of seven men left for Moose creek per flat boat on Friday to continue telegraph construction westward. The line will be completed through by August 15th.

G. F. TUPPER's raft of tamarac telegraph poles for the line from Battleford to Clark's crossing have arrived at Battleford except one, which will probably be brought in all right.

THE attendance at G. A. Blake's auction sale on Saturday last was fair and good bargains were secured. Five condemned I. D. horses from the Peace Hills agency brought from \$23 to \$35 each.

SWALLOW have been busy nest building for the past two weeks. Don't let their cheerful twitter and lively motions delude you into letting them reside under your eaves. They are a nuisance and they breed still worse nuisances.

R. McKERNAN, south side, sunk a well 125 feet and got no water. Then at a depth of 60 feet he tunneled 25 feet and bored about ten feet further hoping to strike a spring indicated by the willow in the hands of Phillip Tate, but still without success, and the whole work had to be abandoned and a new well commenced.

REV. G. H. LONG, Methodist minister appointed to this place, is expected to arrive about the 23rd inst. He has been stationed during the past year at Rat Portage. He was ordained at the Brandon conference of June '86; is married and has one child.

W. McKay, telegraph constructor, arrived from Moose creek on Wednesday, having finished putting up the poles and stringing the wire on the line from Onion lake to Moose creek. From Moose creek to Saddle lake, 50 miles, the poles are yet to be put up and the wire strung from Moose creek to Victoria, 35 miles. The material is all on the ground.

PARTIES having unsettled claims to land in any of the townships in which patents have been granted to the E. & S. Land Co. would do well to head for the registry office at once and find out if any parts of their claims have been interfered with. School trustees also should take the first opportunity of finding out what lands in their respective districts are taxable against the company.

THE annual celebration of the St. Jean Baptiste society of St. Albert which was postponed from the usual day, June 24th, on account of the nearness of that day to Her Majesty's jubilee will take place on Thursday next, July 14th. There will be mass in the morning and a soiree in the evening, with probably a picnic in the afternoon but this has not been finally arranged for yet.

THE special Ottawa correspondent of the Regina Leader explains that Mr. Davin voted in every division during the session with one exception. "From one division Mr. Davin absented himself, believing that course to be the most consistent with his duty to his constituents, to their sentiments and to his own." Mr. Davin has apparently concluded to come out from behind Mr. Mackenzie's coat tails.

EMILE RICHARD of Battleford who undertook to make the trip to Peace river and back in 40 days, about four weeks ago, arrived from the landing on Friday morning, July 8th, from the Peace. He left the head of Lesser Slave lake on Sunday night, taking a little over five days to reach Edmonton. He left here for the Peace on June 18th, making the round trip in 20 days. He left for Battleford on Friday afternoon.

THE annual report of the geological survey of Canada arrived by last mail. It is a bulky volume and is accompanied by a valuable geological map of the Wood Mountain and Cypress Hills country. The Rockies from the boundary to the Kicking Horse pass, and several others of interest. The report has several beautiful illustrations. The portions chiefly of interest here relate to the southwestern portion of the Territories and the Rocky mountains adjoining.

THE following are the stations of ministers for the year in the Methodist district of Saskatchewan, practically Alberta: Morley, J. McDougall, E. R. Steinhauer; Calgary, J. F. Betts; Banff, C. Williams; High River, J. F. Davis; Fort Macleod, W. Bridgeman; Blood Indians, John McLean; Maple Creek, C. Teeter; Medicine Hat, M. Dimmick; Red Deer, W. A. Vrooman; Battle river crossing, John Nelson; Battle river, E. B. Glass; Bear's hill, C. Somerset; Edmonton, G. H. Long; Victoria, J. D. McLachlan; Whitefish lake; Orrin German; Saddle lake, R. B. Steinhauer.

THE announcement in the telegrams of last issue that Chief Factor Hardisty of this place is to be appointed a senator for the North-West will be received with general satisfaction. Although not an experienced politician the large support he received in the late election contest showed that personally and politically he was acceptable to a very large proportion of the electors. More so than any other man whose name has been brought forward in connection with the Alberta senatorship. Even aside from this consideration altogether, Mr. Hardisty is undoubtedly the most suitable and generally satisfactory choice that could be made.

THE Edmonton & Saskatchewan land company have been granted 45 patents, covering 22,468 acres of land in townships 53 and 54, ranges 23 and 24 west of the 4th meridian. In 53-24, in which Edmonton is situated, they hold three full sections and five parts of sections, comprising 3,160 acres. In 54-24 immediately north, taking in part of Sturgeon river settlement, they hold eight full sections and six parts of sections, 6,880 acres in all. In 54-23, Ft. Saskatchewan settlement, they hold seven full sections and two parts of sections, 5,337 acres in all. In 53-23, Clover Bar settlement, they hold six full sections and eight parts of sections, 7,091 acres in all.

A LATE Grip has a cartoon on "Lady Dewdney's Own"—the police. A deputation of farmers call at Regina headquarters and say to the officer in charge: "We've come twenty miles, sir, to ask for some policemen. There's been a murder at our settlement and several horses stolen." To which the officer replies: "Haw! Cawn't do it, doncher know. My men are all needed here to amuse Mrs. Dewdney and her friends with musical parades and so forth, doncher know?"

A COPY of the Toronto Week's hundred dollar prize jubilee poem was received by the BULLETIN last mail. It is by Agnes Maule Machar of Kingston, and certainly knocks cold and stiff anything that Tennyson has given on the same or kindred subjects of late years. But this is faint praise. If the Latin motto near the top and Miss Machar's middle name at the bottom were scratched out it would be unobjectionable, especially as, all things considered, it does not bear the \$ mark too plainly.

PATENTS have been granted to the Alberta Lumber company of which W. W. Huntington of Minneapolis is the secretary for 60 acres of land on the south bank of the Red Deer river, being part of fractional south-west quarter of section 3, township 36, range 1 west of the 5th principal meridian, and part of fractional south-east quarter section 4, same township and range, and including also an island in the stream, part situated on the south-west quarter of section 3 and part on the south-east quarter of section 4, same township and range. Also for 315 acres, being the north-west quarter of section 34, township 35, same range as above, and fractional north-east quarter of section 33, same township and range; 384 acres in all. The tract is all on the south side of the Red Deer about two miles below the mouth of the Medicine river which comes in on the north side and about three miles below the mouth of the Little Red Deer which comes in on the south side. It is about five miles due west of the trail, where due west of the Antler hill and about 17 miles up the Red Deer from the present crossing. It is at this point the company propose to erect their mill and it is also the point selected for the crossing of the Alberta & Athabasca railway.

GEO. KENNEDY, H. B. officer in charge of Ft. St. John, Peace river, who arrived with his family last week, reports a late spring in that country but favorable weather afterwards. The river did not break at St. John until May 2nd and the ice did not all pass out until May 15th. Gardening was finished at St. John on May 2nd and there were no frosts either there, at Dunvegan further down the river, or at Old Wives' lakes north of Dunvegan up to June 19th when he left the Peace. There had been some frost at Lesser Slave lake. A party of nine came into the upper Peace river last fall from Calgary by way of British Columbia. Three, named respectively, Jas. Christie, Lowe and Wright wintered above the Rocky Mountain portage, about 20 miles above Hudson's Hope M. B. post. The other six including Dan Williams, "nigger Dan," went up the Finlay branch of the Peace. They had some disagreements and Dan and another separated from the rest and came down to the mouth of the Finlay where they built a cabin in which to winter. Dan took sick in the fall and gradually wasted away until he died about the middle of February. His death was not heard of until the ice broke up and his companion came down to Christie's camp. He afterwards went back to Quenelle B. C. by the Parmp river. The other four men who went up the Finlay prospecting had not been heard of when Mr. Kennedy left. Wright, one of Christie's companions engaged with Mr. Davis the trader to take a boat load of goods down to Vermilion leaving only Christie and Lowe out of the party of nine remaining for the summer. They have put in a garden as an experiment and will spend the summer hunting and mining. If the garden succeeds and other things are favorable Christie will probably start a stock ranche with a view to the development of the country when a railroad is built through the Peace river pass, as he has established himself almost at its entrance.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### POOL TOURNAMENT!

The first pool tournament in Edmonton will be held in the Hotel du Canada on Saturday the 16th day of July at 7:30 p. m. Particulars with reference to the game can be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

3 Prizes; 1st, \$7.00; 2nd, \$2.00; 3rd, \$5.00.

Entry fee \$2.00. WM. H. LLOYD, Proprietor.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JULY 9, 1887.

If the North-West Council of last session was a safely controllable body that of next session will be even more so, if that were possible. Contrary to the programme of the council itself and of the North-West M. P.'s, a bill introduced by the premier has been passed continuing it as at present constituted for another year. This will give nine of the members a three years term instead of the two years for which they were elected, showing that his honor, at whose instance no doubt the provision was introduced, feels that he can depend upon them not to make any unpleasant fuss regarding his administration of public affairs or public funds. Seeing that at least four of the nine are in receipt of promise of more or less lucrative government offices, it is altogether likely that the confidence is not misplaced.

It has been the misfortune of the BULLETIN to hold the opinion that in his honor the lieutenant-governor the territories had an official capable of anything except good. A late instance of his honor's peculiarity is his "reassuring proclamation" regarding the murders in East Assiniboia, wherein he plainly indicates that the murdered not the murderers were in fault, and in one case deliberately, without an atom of evidence being adduced, throws suspicion upon the white neighbors of the murdered man. It is time to enquire if even the necessity for shielding official incompetence and disguising the fact that law in the North-West has sunk into contempt is justification for branding a body of honest settlers as murderers. Is there not something fiendish in this telling the widow, the orphan and the wronged settler that they and their friends, not the robbers and murderers, are in fault—that they must not expect justice?

A REAL estate pamphlet issued by A. G. Williams & Co., real estate agents of London, Ont., contains price lists of lands for sale in Ontario, Manitoba, Michigan, Dakota, Texas and other parts of the States. From these prices it appears that for some reason or other an acre of land on the east side of the St. Clair river in Ontario is worth more than an equal amount of equal quality on the west side in the state of Michigan. Also that lands generally in Ontario are higher than lands generally in Michigan, an adjoining state having a large Canadian population. Does this prove that the Michigan farmer is better off than the Ontario farmer, or that with the market of sixty millions of people around him he is as well off as the Ontario farmer without it? The fact is notoriously that the farmers of the States are monopoly ridden and the nation is such an unwieldy mass with so many clashing interests that it is doubtful if they can ever secure their emancipation. True, Canadian farmers are also monopoly ridden, probably in some cases more so than in the States, but it is their own fault. The system of government in Canada and the nature and interests of the country are such that they can terminate monopoly whenever they choose by a simple vote. Because they have not done so before is no reason why they should not do it in the near future.

It appears that Hon. Wilfred Laurier has accepted the leadership of the liberal party. The fact of his being unanimously elected to such an important and honorable position, when there was such a wide choice of able men is a very high certificate as to his character and abilities. Belonging to the less numerous faction of the less numerous race and religion of the country his only recommendation must have been within himself. That he is the ablest orator in Canada to-day is universally admitted. Whether or not he has the necessary ability of a leader, which is altogether aside from that of an orator, can only be shown by experience, but in any case he has always been an honor and a strength to the cause which he advocated, and is not likely to be less so now as leader than he was before as follower. Where Mr. Laurier is likely to fail in public estimation, as Mr. Blake and Mr. Mackenzie did before him, is in comparison with the man who for so many years before led—or was—the party, the Hon. George Brown. An able orator, a splendid writer, strong in body and determined in mind, inspiring full confidence in his honesty of purpose, he swayed the mind of Canada for good as no man ever did before or perhaps will again. This is the measure of a reform leader that is still in the public mind and there is little hope that Mr. Laurier with his one or even two talents will be able to fill it. Although under favoring circumstances he might easily hold office longer than ever did Mr. Brown.

## TIMBER

Reports from the west indicate that the damage to timber on the head waters of the Saskatchewan and the Athabasca this spring has been very great. The country from the 52nd to the 55th degree of north latitude and from the Rocky mountains eastward to about the 5th principal meridian contains the available supply of sawing timber of the North-West. The area of this region is very great, but it was never as densely or as uniformly timbered as the wooded lands of Eastern Canada. The good spruce is in patches with considerable areas of scrub and even open prairie. However the whole region is so thoroughly cut up by the main streams mentioned, their great tributaries the Red Deer, the Brazeau, the Pembina and the MacLeod, and many smaller branches that the greater part of it is readily accessible. The presence of this timber so close to the great plains is accounted for by Prof. Macoun on the theory that the Rockies in this part contain an extraordinary number of glaciers which feed the many stream flowing from them into the plains and cause an extra amount of rainfall in their vicinity, which in the first place promoted an extra growth of timber and in the next place protected it for a longer period from the fires which so long ago cleared the plains, and reduced the far southern country to a sterile tract. As the glaciers in due course melt away the rainfall in their vicinity becomes less and the fire is enabled to make yearly greater inroads into the remaining forests. Whether the theory is correct or not the fact is that many million feet of spruce well fitted for lumber, which within the memory of man was standing green and growing in the country mentioned is now lying in brule of no use for any purpose, an impediment to travel and furnishing a perpetual supply of tinder with which to kindle and spread new fires. Even within the past five years the loss on known and immediately available timbered lands must have mounted into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. As is well known, in the North-West series of wet and dry years alternate. During the former the timber is comparatively safe, the only loss arising from local fires in the fall. No matter how dry the weather may be for a time the ground is always moist, and when it is so the fire does not travel far. After a succession of dry years the reverse is the case. The soft mould, full of vegetable matter, becomes thoroughly dry and in the woods even heavy rains fail to wet it. When fire is once started in a section of country having such a soil in such a state it is bound to run through it all. A single shower may stop it temporarily but it will break out afresh and continue until weeks of rainfall occur or winter sets in. Such fires do not depend on wind. They do their work quietly, burning under the roots of the trees, killing them frequently without injuring the trunk, leaving it to the first wind storm to convert the beautiful spruce forest into a mass of worthless brule. For a year or at most two years after their fall the trees remain sound and fit for lumber, but after that they become a prey to worms and rot and are worthless. Nothing has ever been done to stop this destruction. The timber destroyed had no market value and no one was interested in it. Now, however, matters are different. Local saw mills are turning the spruce to account, in yearly increasing quantities and eastern speculators have seen the bonanza that must be in limits of good timber lying on the headwaters of navigable streams flowing in the lower part of their course through fine agricultural lands. Timber limits to no end have been granted friends of the government, and a railroad well bonused with land is projected, over which to market their product. In spite of government regulations and recent M. P.'s there is bound to be an influx of immigrants shortly who will need this timber and will cause the loss of every stick to be felt. At the same time the past dry seasons have brought the country into the condition in which it is most liable to fires, and it is said the Indians through malice are taking upon themselves what before has been left to accident and begun to set fire systematically. In such a case if the destruction was rapid before it will be ten times more so now, and the question of the government's North-West

timber policy be finally settled in a way unsatisfactory and unprofitable to every one. What is best to be done about it, it is hard to say. But if the fact is admitted—as it must be—that the country is face to face with a probable loss of millions of dollars in necessary resources it will probably be admitted that something should be done and that quickly and if necessary vigorously. Possibly there are no means by which the fires can be prevented from occurring or by which they can be kept under control; and possibly there are means by which if the more valuable of the timber limits now held idle by government favorites were being worked and men were on the ground at the right time they could be protected in at least many instances. If it is not possible to adequately protect the timber yet remaining it might and should be possible to take such steps as shall secure the turning to account of that burned within the present or past year or two, which in another year at furthest will have become useless. At present, as was the case until lately with settler's fuel, there is no distinction in government dues between dry and green wood, and of course a mill owner would be silly to take dry, fallen stuff, when he can get green, standing timber for the same dues. If it should by any means dawn upon the department that this is a matter of public interest, and means should be taken to estimate the possibilities in the case, and it should be found that by offering proper inducements some millions of dollars worth of timber might be turned into a merchantable commodity which otherwise would go to waste, would it not be in order to offer this fallen timber free of duty, under proper restrictions, and see that the A. & A. railway is pushed at once so that machinery may be brought in and timber when sawn find an outlet. The special attention of the government is respectfully called to the fact that in this case there is, on account of circumstances of natural, not political, exigency a chance to play fast and loose with the resources of the country without doing any one material damage, and possibly to the financial advantage of all concerned.

## BLACKSMITH CARRIAGE SHOP.

At Edmonton ferry landing, south side, opposite the fort. The undersigned having secured the services of a first-class General Blacksmith and Machinist is now prepared to do all sorts of work in these lines on the shortest notice. Also on hand a complete stock of patent wheels, spokes, fellows, axles, shafts, tongues, reaches, plow beams and handles, neck yokes and whippie trees, etc. Orders for carriage building and repairing promptly attended to.

JOHN WALTER.

## P. DALY,

BANKER,

Drafts issued and collections made.  
Office, P. Daly & Co's Drug Store, Edmonton.

## EDMONTON & CALGARY STAGE.

Making fortnightly trips between the above places. Fare \$10.00. Express 5 cents per lb. All goods addressed in my care will be promptly and carefully forwarded and all express charges paid.

W. J. GRAHAM.

## DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Take notice that the partnership heretofore subsisting between George P. Sanderson and Edward Looby, under the name, style and firm of Sanderson & Looby as General Blacksmiths, carrying on business at Edmonton in Alberta Territory, has been this day dissolved by mutual agreement.

All parties indebted to the late firm of Sanderson & Looby will please call and settle same within thirty days from this date with said George P. Sanderson. After the expiration of the said thirty days all outstanding accounts will be placed in the hands of an Advocate for immediate collection without further notice.

Accounts against the said firm of Sanderson & Looby are to be rendered within thirty days to the said George P. Sanderson.

Dated at Edmonton this 24th day of June, A. D. 1887.

Witnesses: G. P. SANDERSON, E. H. CONNOR, E. EDWARD LOOBY.

## JUST OPENED OUT,

An extra fine lot of NEW GOODS at

J. A. McDOUGALL'S

this week. Prices away down.

## NORRIS & CAREY,

Beg to inform their customers that they have opened a

WHOLESALE & JOBBING ESTABLISHMENT,

And are prepared to offer goods at

PRICES HITHERTO UNKNOWN

In Edmonton.

Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

NORRIS & CAREY,  
St. Albert Road.

BOOTS

&

SHOES.

ALBERTA

BOOT AND SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

STEWART & BANNERMAN



# ST. ALBERT SCHOOL.

Distribution of prizes at St. Albert school June 30th, 1887.

Extra prizes were given to Agnes Kelly for good conduct; Ada Latulippe, religious instruction; Donaldia Paradis, success; Alice Carey, drawing; Ada Latulippe, neatness; Ann Grey, Economy; Agnes Kelly, politeness; Mary L. Charlebois, writing; Aurelie Cardinal, composition; Mary L. Lamoureux, declamation; Agnes Kelly, instrumental music; Alice Cary, fancy work; Donaldia Paradis, crotchet; Ann Grey, needle work; Rosalie Petit, knitting; Mary L. Charlebois, Mary L. Lamoureux, Amanda Chevigny, vocal music; Patrick Beaudry, assiduity.

## 6TH DIVISION.

Agnes Kelly, 1st prize.—Reading, geography, grammar, tracing of maps, useful knowledge, arithmetic; Aurelie Cardinal, 1st prize.—Latin, composition, spelling, geography, grammar, useful knowledge; Ada Latulippe, 1st prize.—Reading, grammar, analysis, history of Canada, 2nd composition and writing (French); Mary L. Charlebois, (French), 1st prize.—Writing, catechism, 2nd reading, history of Canada.

## 5TH DIVISION.

Alice Carey, (English), 1st, vocal music, drawing, reading, grammar composition, useful knowledge; 3rd, instrumental music, French; 1st prize, spelling, parsing; 3rd, history of Canada; Ada Latulippe, (English), 1st prize, geography, tracing of maps, mathematical geography, arithmetic; Mary L. Charlebois, (English), 1st prize, singing, writing, spelling; 2nd, composition, arithmetic, tracing of maps; Patrick Beaudry, 1st, assiduity, translation; 3rd, arithmetic, grammar, geography, useful knowledge; (French), 2nd composition, 3rd parsing.

## 4TH DIVISION.

Mary L. Lamoureux, (English), 1st prize, geography, translation, composition; 2nd, arithmetic, useful knowledge; (French); 1st prize, history of Canada, spelling; 2nd reading; Donaldia Paradis, (English), 1st prize, arithmetic, grammar, useful knowledge; 2nd, geography, (French); 1st, reading, grammar, orthography, parsing, history; Ann Grey, (English), 1st, reading, writing; 3rd arithmetic, composition, (French); 1st, composition, catechism, writing; 2nd, parsing; Rosalie Petit, (English), 3rd, reading, writing, useful knowledge; (French), 1st, catechism, writing; 3rd, grammar, reading; Clemence Petit, (English), 1st, Latin, 2nd, grammar; (French), 2nd, spelling, composition; Arsima Chevigny, (French), 2nd, writing, history; 3rd, reading, spelling; (English), 1st, arithmetic, 2nd, composition, spelling, translation; Kate Maloney, (English), 1st, general application; John Maloney, (English), 1st, grammar, 2nd, reading, arithmetic; (French), 1st, parsing; 2nd, grammar, sacred history; Edward Chevigny, (English), 3rd, grammar, geography, arithmetic; (French), 1st, composition; 2nd, reading, definition of words.

## 3RD DIVISION.

Philomene Chevigny, (English), 1st prize, reading, spelling, 2nd, geography; (French), 1st spelling, reading; 2nd history grammar; Matilda Cousineau, (English), 1st, geography, translation; (French), 1st, reading, definition of words, composition, spelling; Amanda Chevigny, (English), 1st, grammar, arithmetic; 3rd, geography; (French), 1st, grammar, spelling; reading, sacred history; Maggie Giles, (English), 2nd, reading, spelling, arithmetic, composition; Mary Gagnon, (English), 1st, arithmetic, spelling, geography; Vital Leblanc, (English), 3rd, reading, spelling, geography, writing.

## 2ND DIVISION.

Clara Norris, (English), 1st prize, drawing; 3rd, music, catechism, reading; Mary Jane Savard, (English), 2nd, reading, spelling, translation; Mary Rose Page, (English), 1st, translation, 2nd, arithmetic; Flora Giles, (English), 3rd, reading, spelling, catechism; Betsy Caulder, (English), 2nd, reading, writing, composition; Caroline Charlebois, (English), 3rd, spelling, reading, translation.

## 1ST DIVISION.

The children of this division each received a prize for general application.

Mary Jane Bellerose, Bella Smith, Justine Beaudry, Mary L. Savard, Adelaide Naud, Mary Charlebois, Virginie Boucher, Marcella Naud, Mary Chalefour, Jeannette Arnaud, Louisanna Savard, Vataline Fortier, Elizabeth Pepin, Ursula Paquette, Lucy Lamoureux, Edwidge Chevigny, Gaspard Beauchamps, Arthur Plante, Arthur Dion, Willie Gardner, Michael Plante, Peter Dion, Marcel Robertson, Alfred Beauchamps, Elzear Plante, Simon Lea, Alfred Bourgoin, Joseph Bourgoin, Francis Chevigny, Octave Chevigny, Samuel Page, Emilian Bellerose, John Pepin, Joseph Colongard, Charley Bergin, Moses Chevigny, Narcisse St. Jean, Bernard Gauthier, Charles Gauthier, Stanislaus Pepin, Felix Savard, Yvonne Bertrand.

A Dakota paper estimates the probable wheat crop in one of the western counties of that territory at 15 bushels per acre, and considers this satisfactory. The county has 125,000 acres under crop.

# PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

WEDNESDAY, June 15.

White said in answer to Landerkin that there were eighteen colonization companies in existence, including the Edmonton & Saskatchewan Land and the Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Co's. No revenue was being derived from any of the companies. The government had agreed to sever their contract with the Qu'Appelle & Long lake, The Fertile Belt & Western colonization, H. W. Christian Meyer, Ferguson, Blackburn and others including H. B. Smith, Prince Albert colonization company, Wm. Sharples, Scottish & Ontario, and Manitoba Land Co. The steps to be taken by the government to encourage immigration to the North-West were embodied in the regulations of the department, and would prove superior to those previously in force.

Caron in answer to Holton stated a number of war claims that had been reduced by the government and said the reasons would be found in the report. He also mentioned several which although refused by the commission had been paid by the government.

Sir John in answer to Chisholm said that the Orderdonk section of the C. P. R. had been handed over to the C. P. R. company.

White introduced an amendment to his bill amending the lands act to allow a lien for advances to be made to the settler to lie against his homestead, the lien to hold only to the amount actually advanced, the land agent to be the judge as to the amount advanced.

Scarth, at whose instance the above amendment was made, spoke at length attempting to justify his previous lack of action in the house. Although opposed to disallowance he thought it better to bear with it than turn the present administration out of power. From 1883 until the present year Manitoba had had unfortunate seasons and late crops, but still the country had advanced steadily under their rule.

Charlton replied forcibly attacking the course of eight of the Manitoba and North-West members.

Davin attacked Charlton and the Mackenzie administration.

Landerkin attacked Davin by reading from the Leader, making him terribly hostile.

Watson said that he could explain why there were eight supporters of the government and only one opponent from Manitoba and the North-West, but it would take too long. As to Scarth and Davin they had both pledged themselves against disallowance to secure election. The former had since been asked to resign on account of the course taken by him and the latter had shirked the vote. They said disallowance was a trifling question. The people of Manitoba had voted a million dollars against this question of detail. "It is such a detail that I would take this opportunity of informing hon. gentlemen opposite that if the people of Manitoba are interfered with in what they consider their just rights there will be serious consequences."

Sir John,—"Take care."

Watson,—"What I am stating here I am stating on my own responsibility as a member of this house and a good citizen of Canada."

The following supplementary estimates for the year ending June 30th, '85 are of interest to the North-West. The telegraphic report being slightly incorrect. MacLeod general hospital, the locality having subscribed an equal amount, \$1,500; repairs to Lieut. Governor's residence Regina \$3,000, Regina court house, repairs, alterations and furniture, \$2,500; MacLeod custom house \$3,000. North-West mounted police buildings \$100,000. Bridge across the Battle river at Battleford \$5,000. Aid towards bridge on Moose Jaw creek on trail from Moose Jaw to Wood Mountain, \$350. Reconstruction of telegraph line from Swift Current to Saskatchewan landing \$2,400. Repelling telegraph line from Battleford to Qu'Appelle, \$15,000. Two Indian industrial schools—one in the St. Peter's agency and one in the Lake Manitoba and Portage la Prairie agencies combined, \$5,000. Education and maintenance of eighty pupils each at \$50 apiece, \$8,000. Brick veneering Qu'Appelle industrial school, \$2,000. Maintenance of Presbyterian Indian industrial school at Round lake, Assa, under care of Rev. Hugh McKay at \$50 a year each for 30 pupils, \$1,500. To aid establishment of school building and mill at Shaftsbury in Peace river district, the remainder of \$4,500 being contributed, \$2,000. Expenditures on Banff national park, \$15,000. Translating and printing in French language the ordinances of the North-West Territories, \$3,000. Clothing and maintenance of patients from the North-West in the Manitoba insane asylum, \$2,750. Payment of claims arising out of North-West rebellion, \$513,000. Investigation of losses in North-West rebellion, \$7,900. Extra grant to officers of the department of militia and defence on account of labor on claims commission, \$2,925. To pay G. M. Holt for extra services on claims commission, \$1,455.

The Winnipeg Call says Mon. Thos. White starts for Battleford July 15th.

# ROSS BROS.

DEALERS IN

## SHELF AND BUILDING HARDWARE,

STOVES, PRESSED AND PIECED TINWARE, SPADES, SHOVELS, HAY & MANURE FORKS, SCYTHES AND GRAIN CRADLES,

## PAINTS AND OILS.

MACHINE OILS, GLASS, PUTTY.

## BUILDING PAPER,

BROWN, TARRED AND OAK GRAINED.

Granite Ironware, Nails, Bar Iron, Rope, Pitch and Oakum.

## BINDING TWINE.

Wood Pails, Wash Tubs, Butter Tubs, Butter Bowls, Churns, Moulds Etc.

## GUNS AND AMMUNITION.

Manufacturers of Tin, Copper and Sheet Ironware, Eave Troughing, Etc.

# JUST ARRIVED

FROM MONTREAL

A LARGE STOCK OF

HATS, HATS, HATS,

PRINTS, DRESS GOODS.

GROCERIES, OATMEAL, ETC.

AT

BROWN & CURRY'S.

# THE STARR KIDNEY PAD.

A permanent sure cure for diseases, disorders and ailments of the kidneys, bladder and urinary secretive system, or attendant complaints—causing pain in small of back, sides, etc., producing urinary disorders such as too frequent, scanty, difficult or copious micturition, inability of retention and sedimentary urines. The pad cures Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, catarrh of the bladder and passages, nervous debility, etc. Also Dr. Leclerc's periodical pills.

Pads and Pills for sale by

P. DALY & Co., Agents, Edmonton.

# WALL PAPER AND BORDERING.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND TURPENTINE. Whiting, Glue, and Dry Colors. Whitewash and Paint Brushes. Concentrated Lye and Washing Crystal. Condition Powder—Own make. Axle Grease, Castor Oil for buggies. Machine Oil, Neat's Foot Oil, etc. Soaps, Perfumery, Flesh Brushes and Turkish Bath Towels, Sponges, Brushes and Combs. Patent Medicines, Stationery, Diaries 1887. School Books, Fancy Goods, Pure Drugs and Spices. Physician's Prescriptions and Family Recipes prepared at all hours.

PHIL. DALY & CO., Chemists and Druggists.

# PROFESSIONAL.

**D. R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon.** Office first building west of school house, block 6, H. B. Co. reserve, Edmonton.

**WATSON & CONNOR,**

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, &c.

GEORGE A. WATSON. C. H. CONNOR, M. A.

**ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor,** Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta. Office, Main street, Edmonton, opposite Fraser Avenue.

**H. L. McINNIS, M. D., C. M.**

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office next door north of Jasper House.

**D. R. J. H. TOFIELD,**

St. George's Hospital, London, Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

**DAVIS & COSTIGAN, Barristers, Advocates and Conveyancers.** Money to loan. Government departmental work strictly attended to. Offices over Thomson Bros' Book Store, Calgary, N.W.T. E. P. DAVIS, J. R. COSTIGAN.

**W. WILSON,**

DENTIST, CALGARY.

Rooms over J. S. Gibb & Co's store. Entrance at side door opposite Roller Skating Rink.

**SHAW & PRINCE,**

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC., AVOCATS, SOLICITEURS, ETC., Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

# HOTELS.

**JASPER HOUSE,** north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

**ROYAL HOTEL, KELLY & MARTIN, Proprietors.** The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

**EDMONTON HOTEL,** the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

**HOTEL DU CANADA.**

W. Lloyd begs to announce to his friends and customers that he has rented the above hotel, Main street, Edmonton. First class accommodation for the travelling public. Good stabling attached. Choice cigars and summer drinks etc., always on hand. W. R. LLOYD, Proprietor.

**KELLY HOUSE.**—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests. L. KELLY, Proprietor.

# BUSINESS.

**P. BYRNES.**—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite Bulletin office.

**NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.**—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

**LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES.** Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

The undersigned has a limited amount of money to loan on good security. GEO. A. WATSON.

**JAMES McDONALD,** Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

**J. F. SMITH.**—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. In rear of Sanderson & Looby's Blacksmith Shop, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour. Also a few head of mares for sale—or will exchange for grain. Stabling in connection with Kelly's hotel.



## GENERAL.

The report of the murder of Bell and Graham, horse buyers of Moose Jaw, on the Crow reserve in Montana is denied.

The order to call in the government arms around Battleford and ship them east has been rescinded. Five hundred rifles with several hundred rounds of ammunition will be stored at Prince Albert and Battleford under care of the police.

The supplementary estimates for the year ending June 30th '87 contain the following items of North-West interest—the expenditures have mostly been already made under governor general's warrant—North-West mounted police barracks, \$25,460. North-West council building \$1,110. Gratuity to Major Crozier of the police, \$1,788.

COL. GOLDIE, agent for the purchase of horses for the British army, advertises that he will be at Calgary on August 10th or 11th on that business. Judging from the report of Cels. Ravenhill and Phillips there was a general attempt last year to impose trash on the Britishers. They were not so green as they looked, and if the Canadian horsemen desire to sell this year they will offer only good stock, for which the Britishers are prepared to pay a good price.

The genealogy of Jake Gaudaur, the rowing champion of America, is given in a late issue of the Orillia Packet. He was born in the village of Atherly, near Orillia, where his father now resides. On his father's side his grandfather was a Frenchman and his grandmother the daughter of an Indian chief named "Big Shilling." On his mother's side his people were English who settled first in Massachusetts and afterwards at Newmarket, Ont.

The following acts relate to the North-West: Rocky Mountain park; Representation in the senate; Edmonton & Saskatchewan land company; Amending the N. W. Territories' act; Amending the act incorporating the A. & A. railway; Divorcing Fanny Margaret Riddell from Geo. F. Herchmer; Respecting the Manitoba Southwestern railway; Amending the Lands' act; Respecting the Manitoba North-Western railway; Amending the Indian act; Amending the act relating to the Winnipeg & Hudson's Bay railway company; Respecting the council of the North-West Territories; Authorizing land subsidies to certain railways.

This Saskatchewan Land & Homestead Co. have secured patents covering 57,507 acres of land in eight townships around the Red Deer crossing on the Bow river trail. The townships take in the Red Deer on both sides from a point opposite the Antler hill to the mouth of the Blind Man and extend westward to the Blind Man, 18 miles. The following is the amount of land in each township: 36-28, 9,881 acres; 37-27, 9,600 acres; 37-28, 7,227 acres; 38-27, in which the crossing is situated, 9,828 acres; 38-28, on the river above the crossing, 1,261 acres; 39-26, including the mouth of the Blind Man, 8,631 acres; 39-27, 7,888 acres and 39-28, 3,189 acres.

LAST mail brought the BULLETIN a copy of the speech by Nicholas Food Davin, M. P. on the Dominion lands act amendments delivered in the House of Commons, Ottawa, June 11th '87. The speech is a very good speech as speeches go, but it was only a speech, and as Mr. Davin was not prepared to seal it with his vote it can only be taken, as it was by the house to whom it was delivered, as of no consequence whatever. This speech unbacked by a vote is, or ought to be, Mr. Davin's condemnation. It shows that he knew in what direction the interests of his constituents lay, that he had the ability to champion those interests, and that he neglected to do so—from what motives or on account of what inducements it will be for him to explain, at his leisure.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, July 8th, 1887. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton

	Max	Min.
Saturday	78	42
Sunday	70	55
Monday	77	45
Tuesday	78	54
Wednesday	78	51
Thursday	68	52
Friday	77	52
Barometer rising, 27.738. Rainfall .69 in.		

## BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.  
Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Single Photographs, Groups, Views, etc., guaranteed in first class style.

## TEACHER WANTED.

For East Edmonton school district. Male or female, for 3 months, holding second or third class certificate. Duties to commence July 18th, '87. Address, stating salary, not later than July 11th.

E. BEALE,  
Secy. Treas., Edmonton P. O.

## FRESH FRUIT.

GINGER BEER,  
GINGER ALE and  
ICE CREAM  
LAUDER'S BAKERY, FRASER AVENUE.

## POLICE SUPPLIES.

TENDERS for the delivery of

300 TONS OF COAL

At the Police Barracks, Battleford, to be delivered on or before the

1ST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1887,

And

HAY FOR FORT SASKATCHEWAN AND EDMONTON,

Particulars of which can be obtained at the office, Fort Saskatchewan, will be received by the undersigned up to

NOON ON THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, 1887.

The parties to whom the contracts are awarded must find satisfactory security, and execute such formal contract as may be required.

The name of the article tendered for must be marked on the envelope, and be sent by mail or delivered personally at the office, Fort Saskatchewan.

Tenders will be considered for quantities not less than 50 tons of hay.

N. B.—The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. H. GRIESBACH,  
Supt.,  
Commanding Edmonton District.

## FOR SALE.

THE CHIPMAN HORSE RANCHE  
AT CALGARY, N. W. T.

650 HORSES.

Including 13 Percheron Stallions, five of which are pure bred—the finest specimens of the race to be found.

About 150 Young Foals 1's., 2's., 3's. and pure bred Percherons.

A number of selected Percheron mares, selected Oregon mares and a large number personally selected in Montana.

The young stock, 1's, 2's and 3 years old are nearly all graded Percherons of great promise. Every care was exercised in breeding to classify the mares so as to attain best results.

Everything in the herd, excepting one small lot, broken to halter.

About all the mares now being bred to pure bred Percheron stallions.

35 COWS, HEIFERS AND CALVES.

Some nearly pure Short-horn.

Waggon, Harness, Cheyenne Saddles, Bridles, Pack Saddles, Bitting and Breaking Gear, Implements, Carpenters Tools, Fire Proof Safe, Letter Press etc., etc. and all equipments of a first class ranche.

1280 acres of the best land—all newly fenced, beautifully situated in a bend of the Elbow river, 4 1/2 miles from Calgary, (daily trains east and west), a fine spring on the highest part which can be made to irrigate the whole property by merely plowing furrows. Four log houses and the best and most convenient stable, paddocks and corals in Alberta. Everything about the property in thorough repair.

This is the largest and certainly the most valuable herd of horses offered for sale in Canada.

The whole will be sold by Public Auction beginning MONDAY, AUGUST 1ST, next.

Send for free Catalogue giving number and detailed description of each animal. Catalogues will be ready about middle July. Sale positive.

No postponement on account of weather. For further particulars apply to

C. E. HARRIS,  
Calgary, N. W. T. June 1887. Manager.

## READ THIS!

We have added to our stock of Jewellery a fine line of

STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS

and would be pleased to have the public call and see our goods and be informed of prices. We shall endeavour to keep the latest Publications, Books, Comic Papers, Winnipeg Free Press and others every mail.

All kinds of Watches and Jewellery repaired and Guaranteed.

E. RAYMER, & CO.  
STATIONERS AND JEWELLERS.  
N. B.—We have in 100 Jubilee Flags for the 21st.

## LOST.

Small Lady's Watch, (Silver) between E. Raymer's store and Lauder's Bakery. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at P. Daly & Co.'s Drug Store.

## LOST

On the night of the 21st between the Methodist church and the H. B. Fort, a lady's Circular Cashmere Cloak with dark fur collar. Finder is requested to leave it at the BULLETIN office.

PLASTERING and Cement Work, Plain and Ornamental, Hard sand or plaster of Paris finish. Call and examine our prices our aim being to give satisfaction at the lowest cost. Office and yard Fraser avenue.  
WILLIAM JOHNSTONE  
DOUGLAS PETRIK.

## NOTICE TO FARMERS.

If you want to be up to the times and save useless outlay in wages and mending old rattletrap machines, buy from us THE FIRST AND ONLY GENUINE ALL STEEL BINDER made in Canada, The Toronto Mower, The Massey Harvester, The Sharpe's Rake. We will now book orders for above and for the Finest Binding Twine Manufactured, up till 1st of May next. You should see our new prices and order at once to ensure delivery. We will agree to cancel any order for harvesting machinery, should purchasers' crop be destroyed before time for cutting.

BLAKE & KNOWLES.

## WE FEAR ON FOE.

If bargains you would like to get To visit Old Log Cabin, don't forget, For Quality and Prices Low you bet They Can't be Downed.

A. Macdonald & Co.'s is the Spot When Bargains you can get red hot While Calgary houses beat us not—For Bargains we can rival any.

Why do we offer Good so Cheap? Because we are buying for Cash. Money is scarce and times hard down East and we can dictate our own prices.

Call, Examine, and you are bound to purchase.

## ENGLISH GOODS JUST ARRIVED!

I beg to call the attention of the Edmonton Public to this choice selection of ENGLISH GOODS.

My buyer in England has spared no pains in their selection, and having purchased for cash, I am enabled to sell Goods of Sterling Quality, at wonderfully moderate prices.

The Ladies are respectfully invited to favor me with an early call to inspect my Dress Goods, Muslins, Satteens, (plain and figured), Zephers, Cashmires, Prints Etc. Also Artificial Flowers and Fancy Goods of the most fascinating description.

The Male portion of the community will also do well to inspect my English Molesters, Corduroys, Scotch Tweeds, Etc.

A fresh supply of Millinery, Ladies' Underclothing, Fancy Goods and Crockery, Etc. from Montreal, will repay inspection.

Terms Strictly Cash.  
W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.  
Direct Importer of English Goods.

## THE WELL-BRED CANADIAN STALLION, PRIDE OF THE WEST.

Will take the following route this season:  
MONDAY—Noon at Hemmick's Palace Hotel, Fort Saskatchewan; night at the Half-Way House.

TUESDAY—Noon at John Fraser's, Lower Settlement; night at J. F. Smith's, Edmonton.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at John Ashen's, South side; night at Jas. McKernan's, South side.

THURSDAY—Noon at E. & S. Land Co's. barn; night at John T. Turner's, Clover Bar.

FRIDAY—Will proceed to his home stand (Wm. Walker's) where he will remain until Monday morning.  
Terms—\$5, \$8, and \$10.

We have a good pasture with spring creek in it, well fenced. Any parties not using their mares may send them down and they will be attended to free of charge.

F. & A. ADAMSON,  
W. WALKER, Proprietors.  
Manager.

## YOUNG BALLENTINE,

THOROUGHbred ROADSTER.

MONDAY—Noon at his own stable, St. Albert; night at Geo. Long's, Sturgeon River.

TUESDAY—Noon at Smith's Livery Stable, Edmonton; night at K. Macdonald's, Edmonton.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at A. McKinlay's, South Side; night at J. Ashen's, South Side.

THURSDAY—Noon at D. E. Noyes', St. Albert road; night at his own stable, where he will remain until Monday afternoon.

Terms, \$6, \$10 and \$15.  
MALONEY BROS.  
Proprietors.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that Sittings of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories for the Judicial District of Northern Alberta shall be held at the town of Calgary, in the said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the following days, namely:—

Tuesday, 12th of April, A.D. 1887.  
Tuesday, 12th July, A.D. 1887.  
Tuesday, 8th November, A.D. 1887.

and at Edmonton, also in the said District at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the following days, namely:—

Monday, 2nd May, A.D. 1887.  
Monday, 17th October, A.D. 1887.

By Command,  
A. E. FORGET,  
Secretary.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office,  
Regina, 10th March, 1887.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE  
making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

## LAFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS:

CALGARY, EDMONTON, REGINA AND MOOSOMIN.  
Drafts issued on and collections made at all available points.

Sterling and Domestic Exchanges bought and sold.

Half-breed and Soldier's Scrip and Indian Department Vouchers bought at highest market price.

Farmers and others can effect a large saving when paying for their pre-emptions or when taking up new lands, through us—for particulars apply to,

P. G. GRAY,  
Manager.

## LOST.

At Bears' hill, about June 4th, last seen coming north on the trail, a sorrel horse, about 14 hands high, branded with an inverted "V" on left shoulder, saddle gill on back. Finder will receive \$10 reward on leaving at D. Ross' hotel Edmonton, or at W. Macdonald's store Battle river Leavings.  
F. CUTTING.